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ADOPTION OF AMENDMENTS TO IOWA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE 681 — CHAPTER 1

<u>Action Requested</u>: Consider adoption of amendments to Iowa Administrative Code 681 — Chapter 1 "Admission Rules Common to the Three State Universities".

Executive Summary: At the February 5, 2015, the Board approved filing a Notice of Intent to amend Chapter 1, 1.4(2)"b". This amendment will bring the Board of Regents universities into compliance with the Home Base Iowa Initiative as well as with the federal Veterans Access, Choice and Accountability Act of 2014 (Choice Act). The text of the amendment is shown on the following page

The notice was published in the March 4, 2015, issue of Iowa Administrative Bulletin (IAB). With the publication of the notice, a comment period was established. No comments were received.

Upon approval of the adoption of the amendment by the Board, the amendment will be filed and published as adopted in the next issue of the IAB on May 13, 2015. The amendment will be effective June 17, 2015.

- b. Additional guidelines are used in determining the resident classification of a veteran, qualified military person, and dependent children and spouses of a veteran or qualified military person for purposes of admission and undergraduate, graduate, or professional tuition and mandatory fees:
- (1) A person who is stationed on active duty at the Rock Island arsenal as a result of military orders, or the dependent child or spouse/domestic partner of such person, is entitled to resident status for purposes of undergraduate, graduate, or professional tuition and mandatory fees. The child or spouse/domestic partner may be required to submit appropriate documentation to the university. However, if the arrival of the person under orders is subsequent to the beginning of the term in which the dependent child or spouse is first enrolled, nonresident fees will be charged in all cases for the dependent child or spouse until the beginning of the next term in which the dependent child or spouse is enrolled. If the qualified military person is transferred, deployed, or restationed while the person's spouse or dependent child is enrolled in an institution of higher education under the control of the board of regents, the spouse or dependent child shall continue to be classified as a resident under this subparagraph until the close of the fiscal year in which the spouse or dependent child is enrolled.
- (2) A veteran who is domiciled or moves to the state of lowa and who is eligible for benefits, or has exhausted benefits under the federal Post-9/11 Veterans Educational Assistance Act of 2008 any federal program authorizing veteran educational benefits is entitled to resident status for purposes of undergraduate, graduate, or professional tuition and mandatory fees. The dependent child or spouse/domestic partner of a veteran who meets these requirements is entitled to resident status for undergraduate, graduate, or professional tuition. The child or spouse/domestic partner may be required to submit appropriate documentation to the university. However, if the arrival of the veteran in lowa is subsequent to the beginning of the term in which the dependent child or spouse is first enrolled, nonresident fees will be charged in all cases for the dependent child or spouse until the beginning of the next term in which the dependent child or spouse is enrolled.
- (3) A person who is moved into the state as the result of military or civil orders from the government for other than educational purposes, or the dependent child or spouse/domestic partner of such a person, is entitled to resident status. The child or spouse/domestic partner may be required to submit appropriate documentation to the university. However, if the arrival of the person under orders is subsequent to the beginning of the term in which the dependent child or spouse is first enrolled, nonresident fees will be charged in all cases until the beginning of the next term in which the dependent child or spouse is enrolled. Legislation, effective July 1, 1977, requires that military personnel who claim residency in lowa (home of record) will be required to file lowa resident income tax returns.